

	pject/Topic of your Clinical Question:											
Reviewer: Article Title:		Today's Date:	Final Evidence Level:									
Yea		First Author:	Journal:									
_												
Do the study aim/purpose/objectives and inclusion/exclusion criteria assist in answering your clinical question? Yes No Unknown												
	• Study Aim/Purpose/Objectives											
	• Inclusion Criteria:											
	• Exclusion Criteria:											
Is a	• Is the need for the improveme		e/objectives above? Yes No Unknown									
	Comments:											
When reading the bolded questions, consider the bulleted questions to help answer the main question. If you are uncertain of your skills in evidence evaluation, please consult a local evidence expert for assistance: CCHMC Evidence Experts: http://groups/ce/NewEBC/EBDMHelp.htm Unfamiliar terms can be found in the LEGEND Glossary: http://groups/ce/NewEBC/EBCFiles/GLOSSARY-EBDM.pdf												
VA	LIDITY: ARE THE RESULTS OF THE QU	JALITY IMPROVEMENT STUDY	VALID OR CREDIBLE?									
1.	 Was an improvement method clear What was the improvement □ PDSA □ CQI □ Six Sigma Comments: 	•	Yes No Unknown									
2.	 Is the need for improvement clearly Was the current state of the Was the intended impact of Comments: 	process discussed?	Yes No Unknown doublined?									
3.	Were the stakeholders and organiza appropriate? • Were the stakeholders involve (e.g., champions, supporters, early Comments:	ved in decisions to make cha	Yes No Unknown anges?									



4.	Are the study methods clearly described and appropriate for the									
	aim/purpose/objectives?									
	 Is the setting clearly described and appropriate (e.g., unit, clinic)? 									
	 Are the participants (e.g., clinicians, patients, groups) clearly described and appropriate? 									
	 Is(Are) the improvement intervention(s) clearly described and appropriate? 									
	 Is the aim specific, measurable, actionable, relevant, time bound (i.e., SMART)? 									
	Comments:									
5.	Was(Were) the planned improvement intervention(s) (i.e., action plans) described in									
	enough detail to be replicated by others?									
	Comments:									
6.	Were the planned improvement interventions based on evidence?									
	 Which source(s) of evidence contributed to the choice of specific 									
	improvement interventions?									
	Published Research Published QI Reports									
	Key Driver Analysis (local data) Pareto Analysis (local data)									
	Failure Mode and Effects Analysis (analysis of causes of dysfunction)									
	Other:									
	Comments:									
7.	Were appropriate baseline data collected and reported for the outcome of									
	interest?									
	 Did the baseline data indicate the need for improvement? 									
	 Were valid and reliable tools used for measurement of the outcomes? 									
	Comments:									
0	Was outsome data collection planned and appropriate to evaluate whether the									
٥.	Was outcome data collection planned and appropriate to evaluate whether the change resulted in an improvement? Yes No Unknown									
	Was the plan for data collection of improvement intervention measurement									
	clearly described?									
	 Were appropriate valid and reliable tools used for measurement of the 									
	improvement interventions and outcomes?									
	Was each improvement intervention tested to determine its unique influence?									
	(e.g., turned on and turned off)									
	Comments:									



9.	 If adaptations/modifications were made to the planned improvement intervention, were they appropriately based on outcome data from small tests of change or pilot studies? Were small tests of change or pilot studies conducted with more than one unit, setting, or persons (e.g., cycle, ramping up)? Was the magnitude of testing appropriate prior to implementation of the final improvement intervention? Comments: 	☐ Yes	□ No	Unknown
10.	Were modified improvement interventions (i.e., the future state of the process) described in enough detail to be replicated by others? Comments:	d Yes	☐ No	Unknown
11.	Was all outcome data for the improvement intervention(s) collected in the same way as the baseline data? Comments:	Yes	☐ No	Unknown
12.	 Was there freedom from conflict of interest? Sponsor/Funding Agency or Investigators Comments: 	Yes	□ No	Unknown
RE	LIABILITY: Are these Valid Study Results Important?			
13.	 Were the statistical analysis methods appropriate? What was the unit of analysis (e.g., clinician, clinician group, care area, process, etc.)? What was measured? Were the statistical analysis methods clearly described? If multiple improvement interventions were used, was statistical analysis conducted on each intervention? Comments:	Yes	□ No	Unknown
14.	What are the main results of the study? (e.g., Helpful data: Page #, Table #, Figures, Graphs)			
	Were results of the small tests of change or pilot studies reported?			
	 How large was the main improvement intervention effect? (e.g., strength of association between changes in outcomes and planned improvement interv 	entions, de	ecreased v	ariability)
	 What were the measures of statistical uncertainty (e.g., precision)? (Were the results presented with Confidence Intervals or Standard Deviations?) 			



Yes No Unknown 15. Were the results statistically significant? Comments: Yes No Unknown 16. Were the results clinically significant? If potential confounders were identified, were they discussed in relationship Comments: Yes No Unknown 17. Were the lessons learned discussed? • Were benefits/harms, costs, unexpected results, problems, or failures reported or discussed? Comments: 18. Were the successful improvement interventions implemented with other clinicians or care groups (i.e., spread)? Yes No Unknown Comments: 19. Were the improvement interventions studied over a period of time long enough Yes No Unknown to determine sustainability (e.g., long term effects, attrition, institutionalization)? Comments: APPLICABILITY: CAN I APPLY THIS CASE REPORT INFORMATION? Yes No Unknown 20. Can the results be applied to my improvement issue of interest? Is the improvement intervention exportable to my site? (Are the setting, participants, and variables of interest similar to those at my site?) Were all patient-important and other appropriate outcomes considered? Are the likely benefits worth identified burdens, risks of harm, and costs? Comments: 21. Are my patient's and family's values and preferences satisfied by the knowledge Yes No Unknown gained from this study? Comments: Yes No Unknown 22. Would you include this study/article in development of a recommendation? Comments:



Additional Comments or Conclusions ("Take-Home Points"):

QUALITY LEVEL / EVIDENCE LEVEL

- Consider each "No" answer and the degree to which this limitation is a threat to the validity of the results, then check the appropriate box to assign the level of quality for this study/article.
- Consider an "Unknown" answer to one or more questions as a similar limitation to answering "No," if the information is not available in the article

☐ Good Quality – Quality Improvement Study ☐ Lesser Quality – Quality Improvement Study	
Not Valid, Reliable, or Applicable	

Table of Evidence Levels																		
	TYPE OF STUDY / STUDY DESIGN																	
DOMAIN OF CLINICAL QUESTION	Systematic Review Meta–Analysis	RCT ⁺	ככד⁺	Qualitative Study	Cohort – Prospective	Cohort – Retrospective	Case – Control	Longitudinal (Before/After, Time Series)	Cross – Sectional	Descriptive Study Epidemiology Case Series	Quality Improvement (PDSA)	Mixed Methods Study	Decision Analysis Economic Analysis Computer Simulation	Guidelines	Case Reports N-of-1 Study	Bench Study	Published Expert Opinion	Local Consensus Published Abstracts
Intervention				_		_		_	_	_	_	2/2/2	_		_	_	_	
Treatment, Therapy,	1a	2a	3a	4a	3a	4a	4a	4a	4a	4a	4a	2/3/4	5a	5a	5a	5a	5a	5
Prevention, Harm,	1b	2b	3b	4b	3b	4b	4b	4b	4b	4b	4b	a/b	5b	5b	5b	5b	5b	
Quality Improvement																		

^{*}RCT = Randomized Controlled Trial; CCT = Controlled Clinical Trial

Development for this appraisal form is based on:

- 1. Fan, E., Laupacis, A., Pronovost, P.J., et al.: How to use an article about Quality Improvement. JAMA, 304(20): 2279-87, 2010.
- 2. Fineout-Overholt and Johnston: Teaching EBP: asking searchable, answerable clinical questions. Worldviews Evid Based Nurs, 2(3): 157-60, 2005.
- 3. Guyatt, G.; Rennie, D.; Evidence-Based Medicine Working Group.; and American Medical Association.: Users' guides to the medical literature: a manual for evidence-based clinical practice. "JAMA & archives journals." Chicago, IL, 2002
- 4. Melnyk, B. M. and E. Fineout-Overholt (2005). Evidence-based practice in nursing & healthcare: a guide to best practice. Philadelphia, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.
- 5. Ogrinc, G., et al: The SQUIRE (Standards for QUality Improvement Reporting Excellence) guidelines for quality improvement reporting: explanation and elaboration. *Qual Saf Health Care*, 17(Suppl I):i13–i32. doi:10.1136/qshc.2008.029058, 2008.
- 6. Phillips, et al: Oxford Centre for Evidence-based Medicine Levels of Evidence, 2001. Last accessed Nov 14, 2007 from http://www.cebm.net/index.aspx?o=1025.